



รายงานประจำปี 2559
Annual Report 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

บริษัทเงินทุน แอ็ดวานซ์ จำกัด (มหาชน)
ADVANCE FINANCE PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED



www.advancefin.com

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the financial statements of Advance Finance Public Company Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2016 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing (TSAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions under the Royal Patronage of His Majesty the King that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with TFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.



(Pantip Gulsantithamrong)
Certified Public Accountant
Registration No. 4208

KPMG Phoomchai Audit Ltd.
Bangkok
1 March 2017

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited Statement of financial position

		31 December	
Assets	Note	2016	2015
(in Baht)			
Cash		30,000	30,000
Intercompany and money market items	7	1,021,906,526	852,657,749
Investments, net	8	1,633,732,679	851,853,718
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables, net	9		
Loans to customers	26	6,761,382,205	5,119,168,162
Accrued interest receivables	26	<u>3,537,464</u>	<u>4,335,976</u>
Total loans to customers and accrued interest receivables		6,764,919,669	5,123,504,138
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	12	<u>(122,249,037)</u>	<u>(50,342,468)</u>
Total loans to customers and accrued interest receivables, net		6,642,670,632	5,073,161,670
Properties for sale, net	13	63,654,066	59,957,399
Equipment, net	14	14,531,472	19,411,398
Intangible assets, net	15	989,972	691,868
Deferred tax assets	16	8,863,405	13,172,227
Receivable from Legal Execution Department		3,468,750	2,340,250
Accrued service fees		-	321,000
Deposits		2,471,289	3,086,446
Other assets, net	17	<u>2,247,809</u>	<u>1,596,756</u>
Total assets		<u>9,394,566,600</u>	<u>6,878,280,481</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited Statement of financial position

		31 December	
Liabilities and equity	Note	2016	2015
(in Baht)			
Liabilities			
Deposits	18, 26	7,775,202,641	5,401,892,997
Intercompany and money market items	19	269,947,739	193,500,259
Accrued interest payable	26	27,502,878	20,899,773
Contributions to the Financial Institutions Development Fund and the Deposit Protection Agency payable		18,108,610	12,496,490
Income tax payable		6,657,654	12,007,950
Employee benefit obligations	20	14,434,597	15,076,813
Withholding tax payable		7,482,372	5,741,482
Accrued expenses		3,453,409	2,224,406
Other liabilities	21	6,012,918	5,038,816
Total liabilities		8,128,802,818	5,668,878,986

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited Statement of financial position

		31 December	
Liabilities and equity	Note	2016	2015
<i>(in Baht)</i>			
Equity			
Share capital	22		
Authorised share capital			
1,350,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each		1,350,000,000	–
10,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 100 each		–	1,000,000,000
Issued and fully paid-up share capital			
1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each		1,000,000,000	–
10,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 100 each		–	1,000,000,000
Other components of equity	8.3	(1,342,955)	(18,064,468)
Retained earnings			
Appropriated			
Legal reserve	23	20,432,516	15,600,476
Unappropriated		246,674,221	211,865,487
Total equity		1,265,763,782	1,209,401,495
Total liabilities and equity		9,394,566,600	6,878,280,481

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

		Year ended 31 December	
	Note	2016	2015
<i>(in Baht)</i>			
Interest income	26, 29	515,850,842	336,867,275
Interest expense	26, 30	241,439,581	172,205,218
Net interest income		274,411,261	164,662,057
Fees and service income	26, 31	62,747,583	70,137,880
Net fees and service income		62,747,583	70,137,880
Net gain on investments	32	3,769,965	-
Dividend income		8,319,677	4,974,200
Gain on sale of properties for sale		-	33,322,797
Other operating income		7,922	1,332,367
Total operating income		349,256,408	274,429,301
Other operating expenses			
Employee expenses	26	92,223,594	79,923,539
Directors' remuneration	26	3,060,008	2,190,000
Premises and equipment expenses		16,690,850	15,315,901
Taxes and duties		18,605,752	18,731,156
Others		27,210,651	15,056,631
Total other operating expenses		157,790,855	131,217,227
Bad debt, doubtful accounts and loss on impairment	33	71,224,199	24,575,623
Profit from operating before income tax expense		120,241,354	118,636,451
Income tax expense	34	23,600,580	23,576,174
Profit for the year		96,640,774	95,060,277

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

Year ended 31 December

Note

2016

2015

(in Baht)

Other comprehensive income (loss)

Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss

Gain (loss) on re-measuring available-for-sale investments

20,901,891 (13,505,634)

Income tax on other comprehensive income (loss) 34

(4,180,378) 2,701,127

16,721,513 (10,804,507)

Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss

Defined benefit plan actuarial losses

20 - (1,670,007)

Income tax on other comprehensive income 34

- 334,001

- (1,336,006)

Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax

16,721,513 (12,140,513)

Total comprehensive income for the year

113,362,287 82,919,764

Basic earnings per share

35

0.10 9.75

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Advance Finance Public Company Limited
Statement of changes in equity

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited
Statement of changes in equity

	Other components of equity		Retained earnings		Total equity
	Issued and paid-up share capital	Revaluation surplus (deficit) on available-for-sale investments	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	
Note					
			<i>(in Baht)</i>		
Year ended 31 December 2016					
Balance at 1 January 2016	1,000,000,000	(18,064,468)	15,600,476	211,865,487	1,209,401,495
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity					
Dividends to shareholders of the Company	-	-	-	(57,000,000)	(57,000,000)
Total distributions to shareholders of the Company	-	-	-	(57,000,000)	(57,000,000)
Total transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity	-	-	-	(57,000,000)	(57,000,000)
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit for the year	-	-	-	96,640,774	96,640,774
Other comprehensive income	-	16,721,513	-	-	16,721,513
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	16,721,513	-	96,640,774	113,362,287
Transfer to legal reserve	-	-	4,832,040	(4,832,040)	-
Balance at 31 December 2016	1,000,000,000	(1,342,955)	20,432,516	246,674,221	1,265,763,782

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited Statement of cash flows

	Year ended 31 December	
	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
<i>Cash flows from operating activities</i>		
Profit from operating before income tax expense	120,241,354	118,636,451
<i>Adjustments for</i>		
Depreciation and amortisation	6,516,385	5,556,262
Bad debt and doubtful accounts	71,906,569	25,264,158
Reversal of impairment of properties for sale	-	(1,694,061)
Loss (gain) on sales of properties for sale	90,391	(33,322,797)
Loss (gain) on disposal of equipment	241	(1,331,913)
Employee benefit expense	1,770,984	3,318,698
Net interest income	(274,411,261)	(164,662,057)
Net gain on investments	(3,769,965)	-
Dividend income	(8,319,677)	(4,974,200)
Proceeds from interest	517,080,726	334,640,442
Interest paid	(229,224,356)	(160,953,218)
Proceeds from dividend	8,319,677	4,974,200
Income tax paid	(28,822,433)	(20,564,258)
Profit from operations before changes in operating assets and liabilities	181,378,635	104,887,707
<i>(Increase) decrease in operating assets</i>		
Intercompany and money market items	(169,357,545)	(86,277,887)
Loans to customers	(1,642,214,043)	(2,005,598,447)
Properties for sale	(3,787,058)	154,660,582
Receivable from Legal Execution Department	(1,128,500)	3,822,500
Accrued service fees	321,000	1,177,000
Deposits	615,157	1,250,154
Other assets	(659,910)	(228,661)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Statement of cash flows

Year ended 31 December

2016

2015

(in Baht)

Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities

Deposits	2,373,309,644	2,034,457,642
Intercompany and money market items	76,447,480	(18,466,026)
Short-term debt issued and borrowings	-	(2,630,000)
Employee benefit paid	(2,413,200)	-
Withholding tax payable	1,740,890	3,203,632
Accrued expenses	1,229,003	926,615
Other liabilities	974,102	3,573,040
Net cash provided by operating activities	816,455,655	194,757,851

Cash flows from investing activities

Purchases of available-for-sale securities	-	(110,390,000)
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	42,479,149	71,880
Purchases of held-to-maturity debt securities	(19,400,000,000)	(17,900,000,000)
Proceeds from redemption of held-to-maturity debt securities	18,600,000,000	17,500,000,000
Purchases of equipment	(1,280,630)	(14,575,988)
Proceeds from sales of equipment	935	1,478,586
Purchases of intangible assets	(655,109)	(342,329)
Net cash used in investing activities	(759,455,655)	(523,757,851)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited Statement of cash flows

		Year ended 31 December	
	<i>Note</i>	2016	2015
<i>(in Baht)</i>			
<i>Cash flows from financing activities</i>			
Dividends paid to shareholders of the Company	24	(57,000,000)	(21,000,000)
Proceeds from issue of ordinary shares	22	<u>-</u>	<u>350,000,000</u>
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		<u>(57,000,000)</u>	<u>329,000,000</u>
Net cash		-	-
Cash at 1 January		<u>30,000</u>	<u>30,000</u>
Cash at 31 December		<u><u>30,000</u></u>	<u><u>30,000</u></u>
<i>Non-cash transactions</i>			
Gain (loss) on re-measuring available-for-sale investments		20,901,891	(13,505,634)
Defined benefit plan actuarial losses		-	(1,670,007)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

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Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

These notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements issued for Thai statutory and regulatory reporting purposes are prepared in the Thai language. These English language financial statements have been prepared from the Thai language statutory financial statements, and were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 1 March 2017.

1 General information

Advance Finance Public Company Limited, the “Company”, is incorporated in Thailand. The Company engages in finance business in accordance with the Financial Institutions Business Act B.E. 2551 and has its registered office at 87/2, 40th Floor, CRC Tower, All Seasons Place, Wireless Road, Lumpini, Pathumwan, Bangkok.

The Company registered as a public company limited in accordance with the Public Limited Company Act B.E. 2535 on 26 May 2004 and had been approved from Ministry of Finance on 20 December 1974.

The Company’s major shareholders as at 31 December 2016 were Seamico Securities Public Company Limited (10% shareholding) and The Brooker Group Public Company Limited (10% shareholding), which were incorporated in Thailand, IFS Capital Limited (10% shareholding), which was incorporated in the Republic of Singapore and Miss Kantima Pornsriniyom (10% shareholding).

The Company’s major shareholders as at 31 December 2015 were Seamico Securities Public Company Limited (10% shareholding), which was incorporated in Thailand, IFS Capital Limited (10% shareholding), which was incorporated in the Republic of Singapore, and Miss Kantima Pornsriniyom (10% shareholding).

2 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS); guidelines promulgated by the Federation of Accounting Professions (FAP); and presented as prescribed by the Bank of Thailand (BoT) notification number Sor Nor Sor 21/2558, directive dated 4 December 2015, regarding “The preparation and announcement of the financial statements of commercial banks and holding companies which are the parent company of group of companies offering financial services”.

The FAP has issued revised TFRS effective for annual accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The initial application of these revised TFRS has resulted in change in certain of the Company’s accounting policies. These changes have no material effect on the financial statements.

In addition to the above revised TFRS, the FAP has issued a number of other new and revised TFRS which are effective for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 and have not been adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. Those new and revised TFRS that are relevant to the Company’s

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Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

operations are disclosed in note 37.

(a) *Basis of measurement*

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items.

Items	Measurement bases
Available-for-sale financial assets	Fair value
Defined benefit liability	Present value of the defined benefit obligation, limited as explained in Note 3 (k)

(c) *Functional and presentation currency*

The financial statements are presented in Thai Baht, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Thai Baht has been rounded in the notes to the financial statements to the nearest Baht.

(d) *Use of judgments and estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

Assumptions and estimations uncertainties are as follows:

Impairment of equity investments

The Company treats available-for-sale investments and general investments as impaired when the management judges that there have been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires management judgment.

Allowance for doubtful accounts for loans to customers

Allowances for doubtful accounts for loans to customers are intended to adjust the value of loans to customers for probable credit losses. The management uses judgment to establish reserves for estimated losses on outstanding loans when there is any doubt about the borrower's capacity to repay the principal and the interest by determined through a combination of specific reviews, probability of default, statistical modeling and estimates, taking into account change in the value of collateral and current economic conditions. However, the use of different estimates and assumptions could affect the amounts of allowances for doubtful accounts

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Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

and adjustments to the allowances may therefore be required in the future.

Measurement of defined benefit obligations

The calculation of the defined benefit obligations is sensitive to the assumptions on discount rate and future salary increases as set out in note 20.

Measurement of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets. Details of the methods and assumptions over the measurement of fair values are provided in note 5.

Assessment of risk and rewards

When considering the recognition or derecognition of assets and liabilities, the management is required to use judgment in assessing risk and rewards. Although management uses its best knowledge of current events and actions in making assessments of risk and rewards, actual risk and rewards may ultimately differ.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

(b) Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand.

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Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

(c) Investments

Investments in other debt and equity securities

Debt securities that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are stated at amortised cost, less any impairment losses. The difference between the acquisition cost and redemption value of such debt securities is amortised using the effective interest rate method over the period to maturity.

Debt securities and marketable equity securities, other than those securities held for trading or intended to be held to maturity, are classified as available-for-sale investments. Available-for-sale investments are, subsequent to initial recognition, stated at fair value, and changes therein, other than impairment losses on monetary items, are recognised directly in equity. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. When these investments are derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss. Where these investments are interest-bearing, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

Equity securities which are not marketable are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The fair value of financial instruments for available-for-sale is determined as the quoted bid price at the reporting date.

Disposal of investments

On disposal of an investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount together with the associated cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

If the Company disposes of part of its holding of a particular investment, the deemed cost of the part sold is determined using the weighted average method applied to the carrying value of the total holding of the investment.

(d) Loans to customers

Loans to customers are shown exclusive of accrued interest receivables.

(e) Allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company provides allowance for doubtful accounts in accordance with the notifications of the BoT based on an evaluation of the current status of the debtors, taking into consideration the recovery risk and the value of collateral.

Financial Statements

Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Minimum requirement of allowance for doubtful accounts is determined based on the BoT's notification dated 3 August 2008, "Classification and allowance criteria of the financial institution". The Company classified their loan portfolios into six categories, primarily based on the non-accrual period. For loans classified as pass and special-mention, the calculation of allowances for doubtful accounts is based on the BoT's minimum percentage requirement, taking into consideration the collateral value, where the collateral type and date of the latest appraisal are qualifying factors. For loans classified as sub-standard, doubtful and doubtful of loss, the allowances on these accounts will be set at 100 percent for the difference between the outstanding book value of the debt and the present value of future cash flows expected to be received or the expected proceeds from the disposal of collateral in accordance with the BoT's regulations. The discount interest rate and the period of collateral disposal are set with reference to BoT's notifications.

In addition, the Company set up allowance for doubtful accounts in regard to Possible Impaired Loan. The allowance is based on a rate of 1.2% of performing loans, except in cases where analysis of historic payment patterns indicates a different rate for particular categories of debtor.

Any additional allowances for doubtful accounts are charged to bad debts and doubtful accounts in profit or loss.

The Company writes off bad debts against the allowance for doubtful accounts for the uncollectible amounts.

Bad debts recovery is recognised as income and is presented net of bad debt and doubtful accounts in profit or loss.

(f) Troubled debt restructuring

The Company records troubled debt restructuring transactions in accordance with the Bank of Thailand's regulations and Accounting Standard No.104 (revised 2002) Accounting for Troubled Debt Restructuring. If repayment of debt is received through the transfer of property, financial instruments, or equity in the debtor is received as a result of a debt to equity swap, the Company records the assets received at their fair value net of estimated disposal expenses not exceeding the carrying value of debt and unearned interest to which the Company is legally entitled. Losses arising from differences between the carrying value of debt and the fair value of the assets are recorded in profit or loss, taking into account existing allowance for doubtful accounts.

Where restructuring a loan involves modification of its terms, the Company will record the loss arising from the calculation of the present value of the future cash flows expected to be received from those customers by using the Minimum Loan Rate (MLR) at the time of restructuring in discounting. The difference between the present value of the future cash flows expected to be received and the outstanding balances of loans is recorded as a loss from restructuring in profit or loss.

Losses from troubled debt restructuring arising from reductions of principal and accrued interest of overdue debt amount and the various methods of debt restructuring as modification of its terms, transfer of assets etc. are recognised as expense in profit or loss.

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Advance Finance Public Company Limited

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

(g) Properties for sale

Properties for sale are stated at the lower of fair value at the acquisition date or the amount of the legal claim on the related debt, including interest receivables. The fair value is estimated by using the latest appraisal value after deduction of estimated disposal expenses. The assets bought from Legal Execution Department's public auction are recognised at purchase price plus transfer costs, less expected direct selling expenses.

Loss on impairment is charged to profit or loss. Gains or losses on the sales of properties for sale are recognised as other operating income or expense upon disposal.

(h) Equipment

Recognition and measurement

Owned assets

Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of equipment, and are recognised net within other income in profit or loss.

Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated based on the depreciable amount, which is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

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Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of equipment. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Leasehold improvement	5	years
Computer and equipment	5	years
Furniture and fixtures	5	years
Vehicles	5	years

No depreciation is provided on assets in progress.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

(i) *Intangible assets*

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Amortisation

Amortisation is based on the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The estimated useful lives for software licenses in the current and comparative years are 5 years.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

(j) *Impairment*

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless it reverses a previous revaluation credited to equity, in which case it is charged to equity.

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When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognised directly in equity and there is objective evidence that the value of the asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss even though the financial asset has not been derecognised. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of held-to-maturity securities carried at amortised cost is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The recoverable amount of available-for-sale financial assets is calculated by reference to the fair value.

The recoverable amount of a non-financial asset is the greater of the asset's value in use and fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimate future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Reversals of impairment

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset is reversed if the subsequent increase in recoverable amount can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss. For financial assets carried at amortised cost and available-for-sale financial assets that are debt securities, the reversal is recognised in profit or loss. For available-for-sale financial assets that are equity securities, the reversal is recognised in other comprehensive income.

Impairment losses recognised in prior years in respect of other non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(k) Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided.

Defined benefit plans

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The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior years, discounting that amount.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, actuarial gain or loss are recognised immediately in OCI. The Company determines the interest expense on the net defined benefit liability for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(l) Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

(m) Revenue

Interest income and discounts on loans to customers

Interest income on loans is recognised over term of the loans based on the amount of principal outstanding. Interest and discount income on loans are generally recognised on an accrual basis. In accordance with the BoT's regulations, interest in arrears for more than 3 months, regardless of whether the loans are covered by collateral, are not accrued but is instead recognised as income on a cash basis.

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For the year ended 31 December 2016

The Company has reversed accrued interest income on loans which have been recognised as income, for interest in arrears more than 3 months, in accordance with the BoT's regulations.

Interest income and dividend income on investments

Interest income on investment is recognised on an accrual basis. Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Fees and service charges

Fees and service charges are recognised as income on an accrual basis.

(n) Expenses

Finance costs

Interest expense is recognised as expenses in profit or loss on an accrual basis.

Operating leases

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

At inception of an arrangement, the Company determines whether such an arrangement is or contains a lease. A specific asset is the subject of a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of that specified asset. An arrangement conveys the right to use the asset if the arrangement conveys to the Company the right to control the use of the underlying asset.

At inception or upon reassessment of the arrangement, the Company separates payments and other consideration required by such an arrangement into those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative fair values. If the Company concludes for a finance lease that it is impracticable to separate the payments reliably, an asset and a liability are recognised at an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying asset. Subsequently the liability is reduced as payments are made and an imputed finance charge on the liability is recognised using the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

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(o) Income tax

Income tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Company takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. The Company believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including interpretations of tax law and prior experience. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgments about future events. New information may become available that causes the Company to change its judgment regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

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(p) Earnings per share

The Company presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

(q) Segment reporting

Segment results that are reported to the Company's CEO (the chief operating decision maker) include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

4 Financial risk management

Financial risk management policies

The Company is exposed to normal business risks from changes in market interest rates and from non-performance of contractual obligations by counterparties. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative or trading purposes.

Risk Management is an important basis for financial institution business. The purpose of risk management is to enable the Company to manage and maintain risks management at the target and acceptable level in accordance with the rules of the BoT and corporate governance.

Risk Management Committee is in charge of managing overall risks of the Company by planning, reviewing and monitoring risk management strategies to maintain a balance between risks and return. Principally, the Company's risk management strategies consist of (a) risk identification, (b) risk measurement, (c) risk monitoring (d) risk control in order to manage risks at a proper level in accordance with good governance. Other consolidating committees, e.g. Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO), Credit Committee, Debt Restructuring Committee and Operational Risk Working Group were also formed to be responsible for each specific risk to ensure the Company's risk management efficiency.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty or a borrower may default on its contractual obligations and agreements or commitment identified in financial instruments. Such default may be caused by the counterparty's inability to pay due to financial encumbrances or their intention not to abide by the contractual agreements, resulting in a loss to the Company.

The Company has disclosed significant concentrations of credit risk in note 9 to the financial statements.

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For the “loans” item shown in the statement of financial position, the Company’s maximum credit loss is the carrying amount of net loans after deduction of applicable allowance for losses without considering the value of collateral. In addition, credit risk may arise from off-financial reporting items relating to other guarantees.

The Company has implemented credit risk management processes to measure and control credit risk. For retail customers, the Company used credit scoring as a tool to determine an appropriate return given the risk level of each loan.

In the credit approval process, the Company considers the customer’s ability to repay and the loan objectives as key factors in the approval of credit and may obtain sufficient collateral or other securities, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial losses from default. The Company also has processes for regularly reviewing customers’ credit and performance on all approved transactions. For non-performing loans (NPL), the Company has closely and continuously monitored, resolved and/or restructured them to retain maximum benefits for the Company.

Market risk

Market risk is any risk due to changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates or securities prices that will have an effect on the Company’s funding costs, investment position or foreign currency position, resulting in possible loss to the Company. Market risk for the Company can be categorised as interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and equity risk.

1. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates and it will affect the result of the Company’s operation and cash flows.

The Company has managed interest rate risk which results from a change in interest rate of assets and liabilities that may affect the Company’s net interest income by using an Interest Rate Gap Model to ensure that any possible effects are at the acceptable level in accordance with the interest rate risk management policy of the Company.

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Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, significant financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rate were as follows:

2016

	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest rate	Non – interest bearing	Total
	(in Baht)			

Financial assets

Intercompany and money market
items

120,293,619	830,000,000	71,612,907	1,021,906,526
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Investments, net

–	1,479,802,651	153,930,028	1,633,732,679
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Loans to customers*

6,383,303,981	8,546,706	–	6,391,850,687
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Total

6,503,597,600	2,318,349,357	225,542,935	9,047,489,892
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Financial liabilities

Deposits

–	7,775,202,641	–	7,775,202,641
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Intercompany and money market
items

–	269,947,739	–	269,947,739
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Total

–	8,045,150,380	–	8,045,150,380
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* Excluding non-accrual loans

2015

	Floating interest rate	Fixed interest rate	Non – interest bearing	Total
	(in Baht)			

Financial assets

Intercompany and money market
items

60,729,491	730,000,000	61,928,258	852,657,749
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Investments, net

–	680,116,398	171,737,320	851,853,718
---	-------------	-------------	-------------

Loans to customers*

4,838,322,090	13,085,693	–	4,851,407,783
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Total

4,899,051,581	1,423,202,091	233,665,578	6,555,919,250
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Financial liabilities

Deposits

–	5,401,892,997	–	5,401,892,997
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Intercompany and money market
items

–	193,500,259	–	193,500,259
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Total

–	5,595,393,256	–	5,595,393,256
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* Excluding non-accrual loans

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Advance Finance Public Company Limited
 Notes to the financial statements
 For the year ended 31 December 2016

The financial assets and liabilities classified by the earlier of maturity or interest repricing as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

		2016							
	Average rate (%)	0-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years (in Baht)	Non-interest bearing	Non-accrual	Total	
Financial assets									
Intercompany and money market items	0.92	950,293,619	-	-	-	71,612,907	-	1,021,906,526	
Investments, net	1.64	1,399,628,383	-	80,174,268	-	153,930,028	-	1,633,732,679	
Loans to customers	8.56	6,386,922,933	3,324,674	1,603,080	-	-	369,531,518	6,761,382,205	
Accrued interest receivables	-	-	-	-	-	3,537,464	-	3,537,464	
Total		8,736,844,935	3,324,674	81,777,348	-	229,080,399	369,531,518	9,420,558,874	
Financial liabilities									
Deposits	3.01	2,117,856,965	2,100,078,102	3,557,267,574	-	-	-	7,775,202,641	
Intercompany and money market items	3.21	19,330,205	68,000,000	182,617,534	-	-	-	269,947,739	
Total		2,137,187,170	2,168,078,102	3,739,885,108	-	-	-	8,045,150,380	

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	2015							
	Average rate (%)	0-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	Non-interest bearing	Non-accrual	Total
								(in Baht)
Financial assets								
Intercompany and money market items	0.95	790,729,491	-	-	-	61,928,258	-	852,657,749
Investments, net	1.76	599,820,428	-	80,295,970	-	171,737,320	-	851,853,718
Loans to customers	8.70	4,839,455,047	3,402,381	6,287,106	2,263,249	-	267,760,379	5,119,168,162
Accrued interest receivables	-	-	-	-	-	4,335,976	-	4,335,976
Total		6,230,004,966	3,402,381	86,583,076	2,263,249	238,001,554	267,760,379	6,828,015,605
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	3.08	2,197,578,814	2,492,772,887	711,541,296	-	-	-	5,401,892,997
Intercompany and money market items	2.77	116,700,259	5,300,000	71,500,000	-	-	-	193,500,259
Total		2,314,279,073	2,498,072,887	783,041,296	-	-	-	5,595,393,256

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2. Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that occurs from changes in exchange rates which may affect the value of the Company's financial instruments or may cause volatility in the earnings or fluctuations in the value of the financial assets and liabilities.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Company had no material financial instruments in foreign currencies.

3. Equity risk

Equity risk is any risk that arises from changes in the price of equities or common stock that may cause volatility in the earnings or fluctuations in the value of the financial assets.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due, because of inability to realise its assets or to cover funding requirements at an appropriate price which results in a loss to the Company.

The Company closely monitors and manages its liquidity to meet the market condition by monitoring its investment diversification and customers' deposit behavior to conform to the lending maturity profile by using Liquidity Gap Analysis and Liquidity Stress Test, and also setting limits for Liquidity Risk Tolerance. The Company mainly invests its excess liquidity in highly liquid assets in order to prepare for customers' deposit withdrawal in both normal and crisis situations.

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Maturity analyse of financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2016							
	At call	0-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	No maturity	Non-accrual	Total
	(in Baht)							
Financial assets								
Intercompany and money market items	191,906,526	830,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,021,906,526
Investments, net	-	1,399,628,383	-	80,174,268	-	153,930,028	-	1,633,732,679
Loans to customers	-	112,659,012	992,315,996	4,267,129,110	1,019,746,569	-	369,531,518	6,761,382,205
Accrued interest receivables	-	3,537,464	-	-	-	-	-	3,537,464
Total	191,906,526	2,345,824,859	992,315,996	4,347,303,378	1,019,746,569	153,930,028	369,531,518	9,420,558,874
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	-	2,117,856,965	2,100,078,102	3,557,267,574	-	-	-	7,775,202,641
Intercompany and money market items	-	19,330,205	68,000,000	182,617,534	-	-	-	269,947,739
Total	-	2,137,187,170	2,168,078,102	3,739,885,108	-	-	-	8,045,150,380

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	2015							
	At call	0-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	Over 5 years	No maturity	Non-accrual	Total
	(in Baht)							
Financial assets								
Intercompany and money market items	122,617,749	730,040,000	-	-	-	-	-	852,657,749
Investments, net	-	599,820,428	-	80,295,970	-	171,737,320	-	851,853,718
Loans to customers	-	168,730,015	706,731,611	2,889,954,379	1,085,991,778	-	267,760,379	5,119,168,162
Accrued interest receivables	-	4,335,976	-	-	-	-	-	4,335,976
Total	122,617,749	1,502,926,419	706,731,611	2,970,250,349	1,085,991,778	171,737,320	267,760,379	6,828,015,605
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	-	2,197,578,814	2,492,772,887	711,541,296	-	-	-	5,401,892,997
Intercompany and money market items	-	116,700,259	5,300,000	71,500,000	-	-	-	193,500,259
Total	-	2,314,279,073	2,498,072,887	783,041,296	-	-	-	5,595,393,256

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5 Financial instruments

The valuation team regularly reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or pricing services, is used to measure fair values, then the valuation team assesses the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of TFRS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability might be categorised in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. There were no transfers between Level 1 to Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended 31 December 2016.

Carrying amounts and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

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	Carrying amount	Fair value		
		Level 1	Level 2 (in Baht)	Total
31 December 2016				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Equity securities available-for- sale	148,430,028	50,900,000	97,530,028	148,430,028
Financial assets / Financial liabilities not measured at fair value				
Debt securities held-to-maturity	1,479,802,651	–	1,482,080,680	1,482,080,680
Deposits	7,775,202,641	–	7,821,347,630	7,821,347,630
Intercompany and money market items	269,947,739	–	273,372,452	273,372,452
31 December 2015				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Equity securities available-for- sale	166,237,320	73,960,000	92,277,320	166,237,320
Financial assets / Financial liabilities not measured at fair value				
Debt securities held-to-maturity	680,116,398	–	682,738,965	682,738,965
Deposits	5,401,892,997	–	5,419,085,167	5,419,085,167
Intercompany and money market items	193,500,259	–	194,224,919	194,224,919

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The following methods and assumptions are used in estimating fair values of financial instruments as disclosed herein:

Available-for-sale and held-to maturity securities

The following methodologies are used to determine the fair value of securities held by the Company.

- The fair value of short-term debt securities is stated at cost less any impairment losses.
- The fair value of other debt securities is determined based on market value appraised by the reliable institution.
- The bidding prices at The Stock Exchange of Thailand on the last business day of the year are used to estimate the fair value of listed private equity securities.
- The fair value of unit trusts is estimated based on the redemption price at the reporting date.

Deposits and intercompany and money market items (liabilities)

- Fair values of deposits and intercompany and money market items with term and fixed interest rates are estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on current interest rates for similar type of deposit arrangements.

6 Maintenance of capital fund

The Company maintains its capital fund in accordance with the Financial Institution Business Act B.E.2551 to maintain continuously operation as follows:

	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Tier 1 capital		
Issued and paid-up share capital	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Legal reserve	15,600,476	10,847,462
Net gain after appropriation	154,865,487	122,894,230
Less Tier 1 Capital	<u>(9,102,242)</u>	<u>(13,411,064)</u>
Total Tier 1 capital	<u>1,161,363,721</u>	<u>1,120,330,628</u>

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	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Tier 2 capital	13,713,156	13,805,829
Allowance for classified assets of "normal" category	13,713,156	13,805,829
Total Tier 2 capital	1,175,076,877	1,134,136,457
Total Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital		
Less revaluation deficit on equity securities		
– available-for-sale	(1,342,955)	(18,064,468)
Total capital funds	1,173,733,922	1,116,071,989

	2016	2015
	(%)	
Capital ratio		
Tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets (minimum 4.00%)	17.38	21.66
Total capital to risk weighted assets (minimum 8.00%)	17.57	21.58

Disclosures of capital maintenance information are as follows:

Location of disclosure	The Company's website under Investor Relations section at http://www.advancefin.com/Investor/Financial-Information-Reports/Financial-Report.aspx?lang=en-us#
Date of disclosure	Within 4 months after the year end as indicated in the notification
Information as of	31 December 2016

Capital management

The Board of Directors' policy is to maintain an adequate level of capital to support growth strategies within an acceptable risk framework, and to meet Bank of Thailand regulatory requirements to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board monitors the return on capital, which the Company defines as result from operating activities divided by total equity, and also monitors the dividends to ordinary shareholders.

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7 Intercompany and money market items (assets)

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, intercompany and money market items (assets) were classified as follows:

	2016			2015		
	Demand	Time	Total	Demand	Time	Total
	(in Baht)					
Domestic items:						
Bank of Thailand	27,732,862	830,000,000	857,732,862	25,125,420	730,000,000	755,125,420
Commercial banks	164,121,466	-	164,121,466	97,371,363	-	97,371,363
Total	191,854,328	830,000,000	1,021,854,328	122,496,783	730,000,000	852,496,783
Add accrued interest receivables	6,719	45,479	52,198	120,966	40,000	160,966
Total	191,861,047	830,045,479	1,021,906,526	122,617,749	730,040,000	852,657,749

8 Investments, net

8.1 Classification of investments in securities

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, investments were classified as follows:

	2016	2015
	Fair value	Fair value
	(in Baht)	
Available-for-sale securities		
Domestic marketable equity securities	148,430,028	166,237,320
Total	148,430,028	166,237,320
	2016	2015
	Cost/amortised cost	Cost/amortised cost
	(in Baht)	
Held-to-maturity securities		
Government and state enterprise securities	1,399,628,383	599,820,428
Corporate debt securities	80,174,268	80,295,970
Total	1,479,802,651	680,116,398

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	2016	2015
	Cost	Cost
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
General investments		
Domestic non-marketable equity securities	13,320,000	13,320,000
Less allowance for impairment	(7,820,000)	(7,820,000)
Total	5,500,000	5,500,000
Total investments, net	1,633,732,679	851,853,718

8.2 Classification of held-to-maturity securities by the remaining period

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, held-to-maturity securities can be classified by the remaining period to maturity as follows:

		2016 Maturity	
	Within 1 year	1-5 years	Total
	<i>(in Baht)</i>		
Held-to-maturity securities			
Government and state enterprise securities	1,399,628,383	-	1,399,628,383
Corporate debt securities	-	80,174,268	80,174,268
Total	1,399,628,383	80,174,268	1,479,802,651
		2015 Maturity	
	Within 1 year	1-5 years	Total
	<i>(in Baht)</i>		
Held-to-maturity securities			
Government and state enterprise securities	599,820,428	-	599,820,428
Corporate debt securities	-	80,295,970	80,295,970
Total	599,820,428	80,295,970	680,116,398

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8.3. The revaluation surplus (deficit) on available-for-sale securities

The revaluation deficits on available-for-sale securities as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Revaluation deficit on available-for-sale securities	(2,369,894)	(23,413,010)
Revaluation surplus on available-for-sale securities	691,200	832,425
Revaluation deficit on available-for-sale securities	(1,678,694)	(22,580,585)
Deferred tax	335,739	4,516,117
Revaluation deficit on available-for-sale securities, net	(1,342,955)	(18,064,468)

8.4 Movements of investments

The revaluation deficits on available-for-sale securities as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Available-for-sale securities		
As at 1 January	166,237,320	69,424,834
Purchases during the year	–	110,400,000
Transfers	2,248,000	–
Sales during the year	(40,957,183)	(81,880)
Valuation adjustment	20,901,891	(13,505,634)
As at 31 December	148,430,028	166,237,320
Held-to-maturity securities		
As at 1 January	680,116,398	280,359,020
Purchases during the year	19,400,000,000	17,900,000,000
Redemptions during the year	(18,600,000,000)	(17,500,000,000)
Discount	(313,747)	(242,622)
As at 31 December	1,479,802,651	680,116,398

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8.5 Investments in companies with problems in their financial positions

As at 31 December 2016, the Company held investments in securities issued by companies with problems in their financial positions and operating results. The Company has made a provision for diminution in the value of securities equal to the amount by which the cost exceeds the market value. The aggregate cost is Baht 7.8 million (2015: Baht 7.8 million).

9. Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables, net

9.1 Classified by product as at 31 December 2016 and 2015

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Loans	6,761,382,205	5,119,168,162
Add accrued interest receivables	3,537,464	4,335,976
Total loans and accrued interest receivables	6,764,919,669	5,123,504,138
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		
– allowance established per BoT regulations		
– Individual Approach	(29,044,578)	(22,982,867)
– allowance established in excess of BoT regulations	(93,204,459)	(27,359,601)
Total	6,642,670,632	5,073,161,670

As at 31 December 2016, the Company had non-accrual loans, gross, based on the accrual basis of Baht 370 million (2015: Baht 268 million).

9.2. Classified by currencies and residential status of customers as at 31 December 2016 and 2015

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, loans to customers were domestic and denominated entirely in Thai Baht.

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9.3. Classified by business type and quality of loan classification as at 31 December 2016 and 2015

	2016				
	Normal	Special mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful of loss	Total*
	(in Baht)				
Agriculture and mining	70,000,000	-	-	-	70,000,000
Manufacturing and commerce	1,196,920,884	-	-	-	1,196,920,884
Property development and construction	3,514,133,666	-	111,732,719	107,682,020	3,733,548,405
Infrastructure and services	932,952,236	-	130,673,868	25,947,949	1,089,574,053
Housing loans	512,699,384	34,535,153	15,150,657	43,597,350	605,982,544
Others	64,789,865	-	-	566,454	65,356,319
Total	6,291,496,035	34,535,153	257,557,244	177,793,773	6,761,382,205

* Excluding accrued interest receivables

	2015				
	Normal	Special mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful of loss	Total*
	(in Baht)				
Manufacturing and commerce	803,075,147	-	-	-	803,075,147
Property development and construction	2,495,336,899	-	-	61,130,849	2,620,376,469
Infrastructure and services	1,016,834,716	-	-	25,947,949	1,042,782,665
Housing loans	497,991,416	41,332,794	4,317,623	41,101,144	584,742,977
Others	67,624,450	-	-	566,454	68,190,904
Total	4,880,862,628	41,332,794	4,317,623	61,130,849	5,119,168,162

* Excluding accrued interest receivables

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9.4 Classified by loan classification as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 (inclusive of accrued interest receivables)

	2016			
	Loans and accrued interest receivables	Net amount used to set the allowance for doubtful accounts*	% used for setting the allowance	Allowance for doubtful accounts
	(in Baht)		(%)	(in Baht)
Minimum allowance of BoT regulations				
- Normal	6,294,090,580	215,451,559	1	13,713,156
- Special mention	34,664,945	-	2	-
- Sub-standard	258,370,371	4,838,941	100	4,838,941
- Doubtful of loss	177,793,773	10,492,481	100	10,492,481
Total	6,764,919,669	230,782,981		29,044,578
Allowance established in excess of BoT regulations				93,204,459 **
Total				122,249,037

* Net amount used to set the allowance for doubtful accounts means total debts excluding accrued interest receivables after deduction of collateral value (for normal and special mention), or total debts after deduction of the present value of future cash flows expected to be received from debt repayment, or the expected proceeds from the disposal of collateral (for sub-standard, doubtful and doubtful of loss).

** Allowance established in excess of BoT regulations was recorded in regard to Possible Impaired Loan.

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2015

	Loans and accrued interest receivables (in Baht)	Net amount use to set the allowance for doubtful accounts* (in Baht)	% used for setting the allowance (%)	Allowance for doubtful accounts (in Baht)
Minimum allowance of BoT regulations				
- Normal	4,884,973,688	224,718,873	1	13,805,829
- Special mention	41,530,389	-	2	-
- Sub-standard	4,344,944	942,111	100	942,111
- Doubtful	61,130,849	-	100	-
- Doubtful of loss	131,524,268	8,234,927	100	8,234,927
Total	5,123,504,138	233,895,911		22,982,867
Allowance established in excess of BoT regulations				27,359,601
Total				50,342,468

* Net amount used to set the allowance for doubtful accounts means total debts excluding accrued interest receivables after deduction of collateral value (for normal and special mention), or total debts after deduction of the present value of future cash flows expected to be received from debt repayment, or the expected proceeds from the disposal of collateral (for sub-standard, doubtful and doubtful of loss).

9.5 Non-Performing Loans (NPLs)

According to the BoT's regulations, finance companies are required to report information as follows:

- Non-Performing Loans (NPL gross)
- The ratio of NPL to total loans (including loans to financial institutions)
- Non-Performing Loans, net (NPL net)
- The ratio of total loans, net of allowances for doubtful accounts which is referred to the ratio of NPL net to total loans (including loans to financial institutions) net of allowances for doubtful accounts of NPL.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Company's non-performing loans, gross, were summarised as follows:

	2016	2015
Non-performing loans – gross (in Baht)	435,351,017	196,972,740
Total loans including loans to financial institutions (in Baht)	6,761,382,205	5,119,168,162
Ratio of NPL gross	6.44	3.85

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As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the Company's non-performing loans, net, were summarised as follows:

	2016	2015
Non-performing loans – net (<i>in Baht</i>)	420,019,595	187,795,702
Total loans including loans to financial institutions, <i>net of allowances for doubtful accounts of NPL</i> (<i>in Baht</i>)	6,746,050,783	5,109,991,124
Ratio of NPL net	6.23	3.68

10 Troubled debt restructuring

During the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015, there was no loss from troubled debt restructuring.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, there was no outstanding balance of the Company's restructured debtors.

Supplementary information relating to restructuring debtors for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2016	2015
		(<i>in Baht</i>)
Interest income recognised in profit or loss	-	6,431,236
Cash collection	-	102,413,825

11 Classified assets

The Company had classified assets as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 as follows:

	2016			
	Loans and accrued interest receivables	Investments	Properties for sale	Total
				(<i>in Baht</i>)
Normal	6,294,090,580	-	-	6,294,090,580
Special mention	34,664,945	-	-	34,664,945
Sub-standard	258,370,371	-	-	258,370,371
Doubtful of loss	177,793,773	7,820,000	184,873	185,798,646
Total	6,764,919,669	7,820,000	184,873	6,772,924,542

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2015				
	Loans and accrued interest receivables	Investments	Properties for sale	Total
	(in Baht)			
Normal	4,884,973,688	-	-	4,884,973,688
Special mention	41,530,389	-	-	41,530,389
Sub-standard	4,344,944	-	-	4,344,944
Doubtful	61,130,849	-	-	61,130,849
Doubtful of loss	131,524,268	7,820,000	184,873	139,529,141
Total	5,123,504,138	7,820,000	184,873	5,131,509,011

12 Allowance for doubtful accounts

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the changes to the allowance for doubtful accounts were as follows:

2016							
	Normal	Special mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful	Doubtful of loss	Allowance established in excess of BoT regulations.	Total
	(in Baht)						
As at 1 January 2016	13,805,829	-	942,111	-	8,234,927	27,359,601	50,342,468
Doubtful accounts	(92,673)	-	3,896,830	-	2,257,554	65,844,858	71,906,569
As at 31 December 2016	13,713,156	-	4,838,941	-	10,492,481	93,204,459	122,249,037

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2015

	Normal	Special mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful	Doubtful of loss	Allowance established in excess of BoT regulations.	Total
	<i>(in Baht)</i>						
As at 1 January 2015	12,016,761	–	1,551,985	–	121,167,646	16,072,672	150,809,064
Doubtful accounts	1,789,068	–	(609,874)	–	(1,966,123)	11,286,929	10,500,000
Written off	–	–	–	–	(110,966,596)	–	(110,966,596)
As at 31 December 2015	<u>13,805,829</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>942,111</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>8,234,927</u>	<u>27,359,601</u>	<u>50,342,468</u>

13 Properties for sale, net

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the changes to the properties for sale, net were as follows:

2016

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
	<i>(in Baht)</i>			
Foreclosed assets				
Immovable assets				
– Appraised value by external appraisals	<u>60,142,272</u>	<u>5,887,058</u>	<u>(2,190,391)</u>	<u>63,838,939</u>
Total properties for sale	<u>60,142,272</u>	<u>5,887,058</u>	<u>(2,190,391)</u>	<u>63,838,939</u>
Less allowance for impairment	<u>(184,873)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(184,873)</u>
Total properties for sale, net	<u>59,957,399</u>	<u>5,887,058</u>	<u>(2,190,391)</u>	<u>63,654,066</u>

2015

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
	<i>(in Baht)</i>			
Foreclosed assets				
Immovable assets				
– Appraised value by external appraisals	<u>181,480,057</u>	<u>102,329,138</u>	<u>(223,666,923)</u>	<u>60,142,272</u>
Total properties for sale	<u>181,480,057</u>	<u>102,329,138</u>	<u>(223,666,923)</u>	<u>60,142,272</u>
Less allowance for impairment	<u>(184,873)</u>	<u>(184,873)</u>	<u>1,878,934</u>	<u>(184,873)</u>
Total properties for sale, net	<u>179,601,123</u>	<u>102,144,265</u>	<u>(221,787,989)</u>	<u>59,957,399</u>

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14 Equipment, net

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the changes to the equipment, net were as follows:

	Leasehold improvement	Computer and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Assets in progress	Total
	(in Baht)					
Cost						
At 1 January 2015	14,194,197	14,428,246	47,612	18,242,500	4,568,356	51,480,911
Additions/Transfer in	10,849,075	786,959	4,950	7,503,360	–	19,144,344
Disposals/Transfer out	(5,115,800)	(89,574)	(4,046)	(8,477,000)	(4,568,356)	(18,254,776)
At 31 December 2015						
and 1 January 2016	19,927,472	15,125,631	48,516	17,268,860	–	52,370,479
Additions	14,134	1,230,600	35,896	–	–	1,280,630
Disposals	(209,170)	(1,112,535)	–	–	–	(1,321,705)
Adjustments	–	46,388	12,541	–	–	58,929
At 31 December 2016	19,732,436	15,290,084	96,953	17,268,860	–	52,388,333
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 January 2015	14,023,574	12,654,542	44,333	14,575,307	–	41,297,756
Depreciation charge for the year	1,629,465	932,792	2,731	2,636,085	–	5,201,073
Disposals	(4,969,142)	(89,566)	(4,045)	(8,476,995)	–	(13,539,748)
At 31 December 2015						
and 1 January 2016	10,683,897	13,497,768	43,019	8,734,397	–	32,959,081
Depreciation charge for the year	2,223,384	749,735	3,501	3,216,761	–	6,193,381
Disposals	(209,168)	(1,111,361)	–	–	–	(1,320,529)
Adjustments	–	12,388	12,540	–	–	24,928
At 31 December 2016	12,698,113	13,148,530	59,060	11,951,158	–	37,856,861

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	Leasehold improvement	Computer and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Assets in progress	Total
	(in Baht)					
Net book value						
At 1 January 2015	170,623	1,773,704	3,279	3,667,193	4,568,356	10,183,155
At 31 December 2015						
and 1 January 2016	9,243,575	1,627,863	5,497	8,534,463	–	19,411,398
At 31 December 2016	7,034,323	2,141,554	37,893	5,317,702	–	14,531,472

Depreciation for the year ended 31 December 2016 in the amount of Baht 6.2 million (2015: Baht 5.2 million) was included in premises and equipment expenses in profit or loss.

The gross amount of the Company's fully depreciated equipment that was still in use as at 31 December 2016 amounted to Baht 21.3 million (2015: Baht 20.8 million).

15 Intangible assets, net

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the changes to the intangible assets, net were as follows:

	(in Baht)
Cost	
At 1 January 2015	8,636,203
Additions	342,329
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	8,978,532
Additions	655,109
Adjustments	(58,929)
At 31 December 2016	9,574,712

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(in Baht)

Accumulated amortisation

At 1 January 2015	7,931,475
Amortisation charge for the year	355,189
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	8,286,664
Amortisation charge for the year	323,004
Adjustments	(24,928)
At 31 December 2016	8,584,740

Net book value

At 1 January 2015	704,728
At 31 December 2015 and 1 January 2016	691,868
At 31 December 2016	989,972

Amortisation for the year ended 31 December 2016 in the amount of Baht 323,004 (2015: Baht 355,189) was included in premises and equipment expenses in profit or loss.

16 Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2559	2558
		(in Baht)
Deferred tax assets	9,102,242	13,411,064
Deferred tax liabilities	(238,837)	(238,837)
Net	8,863,405	13,172,227

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Movements in total deferred tax assets and liabilities during the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	At 1 January 2016	(Charged) / Credited to:		At 31 December 2016
		Profit or loss	Other comprehensive income	
		(Note 34) (in Baht)		
Deferred tax assets				
Allowance for general investment impairment	1,564,000	-	-	1,564,000
Revaluation deficit on available-				
for-sale investments	4,516,117	-	(4,180,378)	335,739
Allowance for doubtful accounts	4,039,773	-	-	4,039,773
Impairment of properties for sale	36,975	-	-	36,975
Employee benefit obligations	3,254,199	(128,444)	-	3,125,755
Total	13,411,064	(128,444)	(4,180,378)	9,102,242
Deferred tax liabilities				
Defined benefit plan actuarial losses	(238,837)	-	-	(238,837)
Total	(238,837)	-	-	(238,837)
Net	13,172,227	(128,444)	(4,180,378)	8,863,405

	At 1 January 2015	(Charged) / Credited to:		At 31 December 2015
		Profit or loss	Other comprehensive income	
		(Note 34) (in Baht)		
Deferred tax assets				
Allowance for general investment impairment	1,564,000	-	-	1,564,000
Revaluation deficit on available-				
for-sale investments	1,814,990	-	2,701,127	4,516,117
Allowance for doubtful accounts	1,086,941	2,952,832	-	4,039,773
Impairment of properties for sale	375,787	(338,812)	-	36,975
Employee benefit obligations	2,590,459	663,740	-	3,254,199
Total	7,432,177	3,277,760	2,701,127	13,411,064

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	At 1 January 2015	(Charged) / Credited to:		At 31 December 2015
		Profit or loss	Other comprehensive income	
		(Note 34) (in Baht)		
Deferred tax liabilities				
Defined benefit plan actuarial losses	(572,838)	-	334,001	(238,837)
Total	(572,838)	-	334,001	(238,837)
Net	6,859,339	3,277,760	3,035,128	13,172,227

17 Other assets, net

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, other assets, net were as follows:

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Prepaid expenses	1,394,736	777,854
Accrued interest receivables	423,392	432,249
Other receivables	171,259	172,442
Others	2,574,472	2,104,425
	4,563,859	3,486,970
Less allowance for impairment	(2,316,050)	(1,890,214)
Total	2,247,809	1,596,756

18 Deposits

18.1 Classified by product as at 31 December 2016 and 2015:

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Certificates of deposit	7,775,202,641	5,401,892,997
Total	7,775,202,641	5,401,892,997

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18.2 Classified by currency and residence of customer as at 31 December 2016 and 2015

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Company's deposits were domestic and denominated entirely in Thai Baht.

19. Intercompany and money market items (liabilities)

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, intercompany and money market items (liabilities) were as follows:

	2016			2015		
	Demand	Time	Total	Demand	Time	Total
	(in Baht)					
Domestic items:						
Other financial institutions	-	269,947,739	269,947,739	-	193,500,259	193,500,259
Total domestic items	-	269,947,739	269,947,739	-	193,500,259	193,500,259

20. Employee benefit obligations

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, employee benefit obligations were as follows:

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Present value of unfunded obligations	14,434,597	15,076,813
Statement of financial position obligation	14,434,597	15,076,813
Movement in the present value of the defined benefit obligations.		
	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Defined benefit obligations at 1 January	15,076,813	10,088,108
Include in profit or loss:		
Current service cost	1,470,881	2,902,802
Interest on obligation	300,103	415,896
	1,770,984	3,318,698
Include in other comprehensive income		
Actuarial loss	-	1,670,007
	-	1,670,007

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	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Other		
Benefits paid	(2,413,200)	-
	<u>(2,413,200)</u>	<u>-</u>
Defined benefit obligations at 31 December	<u>14,434,597</u>	<u>15,076,813</u>

Actuarial losses recognised in other comprehensive income arising from:

	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Financial assumptions	-	1,194,200
Experience adjustment	-	475,807
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>1,670,007</u>

Actuarial assumptions

The following were the principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date (expressed as weighted averages).

	2016	2015
	<i>(%)</i>	
Discount rate	2.8	2.8
Future salary growth	4-8	4-8

Assumptions regarding future mortality have been based on published statistics and mortality tables.

Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligations by the amounts shown below.

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Defined benefit obligations 31 December 2016	Increase	Decrease
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Discount rate (1% movement)	10,509,817	12,619,529
Future salary growth (1% movement)	12,707,107	10,417,104
Future mortality (1% movement)	11,552,942	11,439,541
Turnover rate (20% movement)	10,842,051	12,233,231
Defined benefit obligations 31 December 2015	Increase	Decrease
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Discount rate (1% movement)	14,141,113	16,141,222
Future salary growth (1% movement)	16,111,451	14,147,429
Future mortality (1% movement)	15,123,437	15,025,912
Turnover rate (20% movement)	14,514,450	15,701,129

Although the analysis does not take account of the full distribution of cash flows expected under the plan, it does provide an approximation of the sensitivity of the assumptions shown.

21. Other liabilities

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, other liabilities were as follows:

	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Payable from Legal Executive Department	3,301,649	2,990,999
Special business tax and value added tax payable	2,164,520	1,502,585
Others	546,749	545,232
Total	6,012,918	5,038,816

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22. Share capital

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, share capital were as follows:

	Par value		2016		Par value		2015
	per share	Number	Amount		per share	Number	Amount
	(in Baht)	(shares / Baht)			(in Baht)	(shares / Baht)	
Authorised							
At 1 January							
– ordinary shares	100	10,000,000	1,000,000,000		100	10,000,000	1,000,000,000
Change in par value							
– from Baht 100 to Baht 1	1	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000		–	–	–
Increase of new shares	1	350,000,000	350,000,000		–	–	–
At 31 December							
– ordinary shares	1	<u>1,350,000,000</u>	<u>1,350,000,000</u>		100	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000,000</u>
Issued and paid-up							
At 1 January							
– ordinary shares	100	10,000,000	1,000,000,000		100	6,500,000	650,000,000
Increase of new shares		–	–		100	3,500,000	350,000,000
Change in par value							
– from Baht 100 to Baht 1	1	<u>1,000,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000,000</u>		–	–	–
At 31 December							
– ordinary shares	1	<u>1,000,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000,000</u>		100	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>1,000,000,000</u>

On 29 March 2016, the annual general meeting of the shareholders approved to change the Company's par value from Baht 100 to Baht 1 each. The change of par value was registered with the Ministry of Commerce on 4 April 2016. The meeting also approved to increase the Company's authorised share capital by Baht 350 million from Baht 1,000 million to Baht 1,350 million by authorising and issuing 350 million new ordinary shares with par value of Baht 1 each. The new authorised share capital was registered with the Ministry of Commerce on 5 April 2016.

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On 3 December 2014, the extraordinary meeting of the shareholders approved to increase the Company's authorised and issued share capital by Baht 350 million from Baht 650 million to Baht 1,000 million by authorising and issuing 3.5 million new ordinary shares with par value of Baht 100 each, called up at 100%. The new authorised share capital was registered with the Ministry of Commerce on 16 December 2014 and the new issued and paid-up share capital was registered with the Ministry of Commerce on 27 January 2015.

23 Reserves

Legal reserve

Section 116 of the Public Companies Act B.E. 2535 requires that a public company shall allocate not less than 5% of its annual net profit, less any accumulated losses brought forward, to a reserve account ("legal reserve"), until this account reaches an amount not less than 10% of the registered authorised capital. The legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

Other components of equity

Fair value changes in available-for-sale investments

The fair value changes in available-for-sale investments account comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale investments until the investments are derecognised or impaired.

Movements in reserves

Movements in reserves are shown in the statement of changes in equity.

24 Dividends

At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 29 March 2016, the shareholders approved the appropriation of dividend of Baht 5.70 per share, amounting to Baht 57 million. The dividend was paid to shareholders during 2016.

At the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 28 April 2015, the shareholders approved the appropriation of dividend of Baht 2.10 per share, amounting to Baht 21 million. The dividend was paid to shareholders during 2015.

25 Contingencies

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, contingencies were as follows:

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Other contingencies		
– Other guarantee	40,679,483	68,320,280
– Committed line	1,681,421,126	1,439,832,861
Total	1,722,100,609	1,508,153,141

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As at 27 February 2015, the Company has been sued as joint defendant with another company. A plaintiff has requested the court to withdraw a Sales and Purchase contract for Land and Buildings with another company (Joint defendant) and transfer the realty to the plaintiff. If the realty cannot be transferred, Baht 153 million with 7.5% of interest since the first day of prosecution is requested. As at 17 March 2016, the first court's judgement was the Company confiscated Baht 0.75 million and paid Baht 4.45 million back to the plaintiff. As at 15 June 2016, the Company appealed the first court's judgment to the appeal court and as at 19 January 2017, the appeal court's judgment was the Company's appeal was allowed and the court fee shall be vested with the state so the Company didn't pay such amount. The plaintiff may petition the appeal court's judgment to the supreme court within one month or by 19 February 2017. Management expects that in the final state, there will be no material impact on the Company's financial statements so the Company has not yet recorded provision.

26 Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Company if the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or joint control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Company is subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties include major shareholders (10% shareholding), directors of major shareholders and close members of their families. Related party may be individuals or other entities.

Relationship with key management personnel was as follows:

Director is a person who has position as an executive of the Company and director who has no position in executive level of the Company.

Key management personnel is person having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling all activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company and executive of the Company.

Executive of the Company is the executive officers at the level of departmental manager or vice president upwards including other position that is equivalent to the Company shall have the power to manage some or all.

Directors of the Company have the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or joint control or exercise significant influence over the Company or the Companies have relationship with the directors of the major shareholders and close members of their families, and the following entities:

- Seranee Holding Co., Ltd.
- Seranee Home Co., Ltd.
- Seranee Factoring Co., Ltd.
- Seranee and Associates Co., Ltd.
- Palm Hills Home Co., Ltd.
- Tranquilista Co., Ltd.
- Taak Interior and Architect Co., Ltd.
- Eastern Power Group PLC.

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- M.K.Real Estate Development PCL.
- Lumpini Asset Management Co., Ltd.
- Solaris Asset Management Co., Ltd.
- Solaris Privilege Fixed Income Fund 6M1
- Brooker Business Development Co., Ltd.
- The Brooker Group PLC.
- Banchang Group PLC.
- MCL Assets Limited
- Century Pattaya Co., Ltd.
- Jaturus Project Co., Ltd.
- MCL Property Limited
- KMT Assets Co., Ltd.

Interest rate and other pricing for key management personnel and other related parties are at the same rate as in the normal course of business with the same business conditions as general customers.

Other benefits paid to directors and key management:

The Company has not paid other benefits to executive directors and key management personnel, except for the benefits that are normally paid such as salary, bonus, directors' fee and post-employment benefits.

For the year ended 31 December

	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Short-term employee benefits	63,712,794	53,918,130
Post-employment benefits	1,210,702	2,154,700
Total	64,923,496	56,072,830

Significant transactions for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 with key management personnel and related parties were as follows:

For the year ended 31 December

	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Key management personnel		
Interest expense	451,268	315,452
Related parties		
Interest income	1,378,065	2,137,064
Interest expense	2,634,116	185,740
Fees and service income	6,574	167,358

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Significant balances with key management personnel and related parties as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Key management personnel		
Deposits	12,626,296	11,207,350
Accrued interest payable	118,325	68,392
Related parties		
Loans to customers	12,135,804	32,558,605
Accrued interest receivables	4,655	9,593
Deposits	84,400,000	5,500,000
Accrued interest payable	114,425	1,966
Other contingencies	-	8,548,110

Directors who have no position in executive level of the Company only receive an annual remuneration and allowances.

For the year ended 31 December

	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Directors' remuneration	3,060,008	2,190,000
Total	3,060,008	2,190,000

27 Operating leases

Leases as lessee

The Company leases the building area and office equipment under operating leases. The leases typically run for a period of 3 years and 4 years, respectively, with an option to renew the lease after that date. Lease payments are renegotiated every 3 years and 4 years, respectively to reflect market rentals. Some leases provide for additional rent payments that are based on changes in local price indices. For certain operating leases, the Company is restricted from entering into any sub-lease arrangements.

The building area and office equipment leases were entered into many years ago as combined leases of buildings and office equipment. The Company determined that the building area and office equipment leases are operating leases. The rent paid to the lessor is adjusted to market rentals at regular intervals, and the Company does not have an interest in the residual value of the buildings and office equipment. As a result, it was determined that substantially all of the risks and rewards of the leased assets are belong to the lessor.

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(a) *Future minimum lease payments*

At 31 December, the future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases were payable as follows.

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Within one year	8,783,635	5,574,862
After one year but within five years	10,554,289	2,672,015
Total	19,337,924	8,246,877

(b) *Amount recognised in profit or loss*

	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Lease expense	3,285,879	3,223,535
Total	3,285,879	3,223,535

28 Segment information

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Board of Directors.

Finance business is the main business segment of the Company with revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities over 85 percent of all segments. None of the other business segments individually represent more than 10 percent of the amounts recording with the financial statements. When taking into consideration the business location of the Company, there is only one geographical segment as the business operates only in the Kingdom of Thailand. As a result, all of the revenues, operating profits and assets as reflected in these financial statements pertain to the aforementioned reportable operating segment and geographical area.

29 Interest income

Interest income included in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

<i>For the year ended 31 December</i>	2016	2015
	(in Baht)	
Intercompany and money market items	10,465,899	9,526,282
Investment in debt securities	13,105,778	13,049,995
Loans	492,279,165	314,290,998
Total	515,850,842	336,867,275

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30 Interest expense

Interest expense included in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

<i>For the year ended 31 December</i>	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Deposits	201,812,626	147,032,647
Intercompany and money market items	7,473,506	3,304,936
Contributions to the Financial Institutions Development Fund and the Deposit Protection Agency	32,153,449	21,855,422
Debt securities in issue		
– Others	–	12,213
Total	241,439,581	172,205,218

31 Fees and service income

Net fees and service income included in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

<i>For the year ended 31 December</i>	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Fees and service income		
– Acceptances, avals and guarantees	574,117	1,056,524
– Financial consulting fee	28,164,856	30,051,763
– Fees on loans	34,008,610	39,029,593
Total net fees and service income	62,747,583	70,137,880

32 Net gain on investments

Net gain on investments included in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

<i>For the year ended 31 December</i>	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Gain on sales		
– Available-for-sale securities	3,769,965	–
Total	3,769,965	–

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33 Bad debt, doubtful accounts and loss on impairment

Bad debt, doubtful accounts and loss on impairment included in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

<i>For the year ended 31 December</i>	<i>Note</i>	2016	2015
		<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Loans to customers			
– Bad debt recovery		(682,370)	(688,535)
– Doubtful accounts	12	71,906,569	10,500,000
– Bad debt		–	14,764,158
Total		71,224,199	24,575,623

34 Income tax expense

Income tax recognised in profit or loss

<i>For the year ended 31 December</i>	<i>Note</i>	2016	2015
		<i>(in Baht)</i>	
Current tax expense			
Current year		23,472,136	26,853,934
		23,472,136	26,853,934
Deferred tax expense			
Movements in temporary differences	16	128,444	(3,277,760)
		128,444	(3,277,760)
Total income tax expense		23,600,580	23,576,174

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Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

	2016			2015		
	Before tax	Tax expense	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax benefit	Net of tax
	<i>(in Baht)</i>					
Available-for-sale securities	20,901,891	(4,180,378)	16,721,513	(13,505,634)	2,701,127	(10,804,507)
Defined benefit plan						
actuarial losses	-	-	-	(1,670,007)	334,001	(1,336,006)
Total	20,901,891	(4,180,378)	16,721,513	(15,175,641)	3,035,128	(12,140,513)

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

For the year ended 31 December

	2016		2015	
	Rate (%)	<i>(in Baht)</i>	Rate (%)	<i>(in Baht)</i>
Profit before income tax expense		120,241,354		118,636,451
Income tax using the Thai Corporation tax rate	20	24,048,271	20	23,727,290
Income not subject to tax		(784,471)		(499,976)
Expense not deductible for tax purposes		336,780		348,860
Total	20	23,600,580	20	23,576,174

Income tax reduction

Revenue Code Amendment Act No. 42 B.E. 2559 dated 3 March 2016 grants a reduction of the corporate income tax rate to 20% of net taxable profit for accounting periods which begin on or after 1 January 2016.

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35 Basic earnings per share

The calculations of basic earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 were based on the profit for the years attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the years as follows:

<i>For the year ended 31 December</i>	2016	2015
	<i>(in Baht / in shares)</i>	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (basic)	96,640,774	95,060,277
Number of ordinary shares outstanding at 1 January	1,000,000,000	6,500,000
Effect of shares issued on 27 January	-	3,250,685
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (basic)	1,000,000,000	9,750,685
Basic earnings per share (basic)	0.10	9.75

36 Events after the reporting period

The Board of Directors' meeting No.1/2017 held on 1 March 2017 unanimously approved the resolution to present to the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on 29 March 2017 for the appropriation of dividend of Baht 0.057 per share, amounting to Baht 57 million.

37 Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) not yet adopted

A number of new and revised TFRS have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. Those new and revised TFRS that may be relevant to the Company's operations, which become effective for annual financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017, are set out below. The Company does not plan to adopt these TFRS early.

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TFRS	Topic
TAS 1 (revised 2016)	Presentation of Financial Statements
TAS 7 (revised 2016)	Statement of Cash Flows
TAS 8 (revised 2016)	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
TAS 10 (revised 2016)	Events after the Reporting Period
TAS 12 (revised 2016)	Income Taxes
TAS 16 (revised 2016)	Property, Plant and Equipment
TAS 18 (revised 2016)	Revenue
TAS 19 (revised 2016)	Employee Benefits
TAS 21 (revised 2016)	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
TAS 24 (revised 2016)	Related Party Disclosures
TAS 33 (revised 2016)	Earnings per Share
TAS 34 (revised 2016)	Interim Financial Reporting
TAS 36 (revised 2016)	Impairment of Assets
TAS 37 (revised 2016)	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
TAS 38 (revised 2016)	Intangible Assets
TAS 104 (revised 2016)	Troubled Debt Restructuring
TAS 105 (revised 2016)	Accounting for Investments in Debt and Equity Securities
TAS 107 (revised 2016)	Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation
TFRS 2 (revised 2016)	Share-based Payment
TFRS 8 (revised 2016)	Operating Segments
TFRS 13 (revised 2016)	Fair Value Measurement
TFRIC 10 (revised 2016)	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment
FAP Announcement no. 5/2559	Accounting guidance for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company has made a preliminary assessment of the potential initial impact on the Company's financial statements of these new and revised TFRS and expects that there will be no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

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